REMARKS

Claims 1, 2, 5 and 6 are pending in the application. In the Final Office Action of August 4, 2004, the Examiner made the following disposition:

- A.) Rejected claims 1, 2, 5 and 6 under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph.
- B.) Rejected claims 1 and 5 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over *Moreton et al.* in view of *Ishihara*.
- C.) Rejected claims 2 and 6 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over *Moreton et al.* and further in view of *Ishihara* and *Tabata et al.*

Applicant respectfully traverses the rejections and addresses the rejections as follows:

A.) Rejection of claims 1, 2, 5 and 6 under 35 U.S.C. §112, second paragraph:

Claims 1 and 2 have been amended as per the Examiner's request to overcome the rejection.

Claims 5 and 6 depend directly or indirectly from claim 1 and are therefore allowable for at least the same reasons that claim 1 is allowable.

Applicant respectfully submits the rejection has been overcome and requests that it be withdrawn.

B.) Rejection of claims 1 and 5 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Moreton et al. in view of Ishihara:

Applicant respectfully disagrees with the rejection.

Independent claims 1 and 2 have been amended to clarify the positions of the various elements. Claim 2 has been amended to claim a stereo-camera recording/reproducing system.

Referring to Applicant's Figure 1 as an illustrative example, independent claims 1 and 2, each as amended, each claim a single solid-state image-sensing device 1 having a plurality of image capturing regions 1a and 1b, each image capture region simultaneously captures a different image on the single solid-state image-sensing device 1. A plurality of optical systems form a different image of a subject in each image-capturing region, each one of the optical systems corresponding to a different one of the image-capturing regions.

Each optical system has: an imaging-side reflection means 5a or 5b located in front of the corresponding image-capturing region 1a or 1b and directed in an obliquely outward direction; a subject-side reflection means 6a or 6b located outward from said imaging-side reflection means and directed in an obliquely inward direction; a lens 3a or 3b provided to be closer to said single

solid-state image-sensing device than said imaging-side reflection means; and a light-limiting means 4a or 4b provided in an optical path between said imaging-side reflection means and said corresponding image-capturing region, the light-limiting means preventing incidence of flux of ambient light other than from rays forming each image of said subject

A light-shielding means 7 is provided normal to the single solid-state image-sensing device 1 and at least between the single solid-state image-sensing device and the reflection means so as to prevent optical cross talk between the optical systems. The optical systems are used to form, in the corresponding image-capturing regions 1a and 1b, separate and different images of said subject which are captured from different viewpoints having a distance therebetween.

This is clearly unlike *Moreton* in view of *Ishihara*, which fails to disclose or even suggest Applicant's claimed light-shielding means and lenses. As acknowledged by the Examiner, *Moreton* fails to teach Applicant's claimed light-shielding means. Further, *Moreton* fails to teach lenses, which are associated with each image-capturing region of a single solid-state imaging device, that are disposed in locations as claimed in claims 1 and 2. Thus, *Moreton* alone fails to disclose or suggest claims 1 and 2.

Moreton in view of Ishihara still fails to disclose or suggest claims 1 and 2. Referring to Ishihara Figure 1, the Examiner argues that Ishihara's pinhole 4 allegedly teaches Applicant's claimed light-shielding means. Applicant respectfully disagrees. Unlike Applicant's claimed light-shielding means, Ishihara's pinhole does not prevent crosstalk between optical systems. Instead, Ishihara's pinhole is merely a diaphragm. Further, unlike Applicant's claimed light-shielding means, Ishihara's pinhole 4 is not positioned normal to Ishihara's imaging device, but is instead parallel to the imaging device.

Therefore, *Moreton* in view of *Ishihara* still fails to disclose or suggest claims 1 and 2. Claims 5 and 6 depend directly or indirectly from claim 1 and are therefore allowable for at least the same reasons that claim 1 is allowable.

Applicant respectfully submits the rejection has been overcome and requests that it be withdrawn.

C.) Rejection of claims 2 and 6 under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Moreton et al. and further in view of Ishihara and Tabata et al.:

Applicant respectfully disagrees with the rejection.

Applicant's claims 1 and 2 are allowable over *Moreton* in view of *Ishihara* as discussed above. *Tabata* still fails to disclose or suggest Applicant's claimed light-shielding means. Nowhere does *Tabata* even discuss light-shielding means. Therefore, *Moreton* in view of *Ishihara* and *Tabita* still fails to disclose or suggest claims 1 and 2.

Claim 6 depends directly or indirectly from claim 1 and is therefore allowable for at least the same reasons that claim 1 is allowable.

Applicant respectfully submits the rejection has been overcome and requests that it be withdrawn.

CONCLUSION

In view of the foregoing, it is submitted that claims 1, 2, 5 and 6 are patentable. It is therefore submitted that the application is in condition for allowance. Notice to that effect is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

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I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited as First Class Mail in an envelope addressed to Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450 on November 4, 2004.

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